Policy Brief: Dignity in Death Grant Reducing Financial Distress During Bereavement

Summary

Bereavement is not only emotionally devastating — it also imposes immediate and often unmanageable financial pressure. This policy proposes the introduction of a **£1,000 unconditional bereavement grant** for individuals who lose a **civil partner**, **spouse**, **parent**, **or child**, regardless of income or status.

The grant is **non-means-tested**, **automatically triggered**, and **funded through small increases in alcohol and tobacco duty**. It will be administered via the **existing death registration system**, requiring no application or bureaucratic delay.

Context and Problem

- Funerals and related expenses (travel, leave from work, childcare) are often sudden and unavoidable.
- **Existing support is means-tested** and often delayed, excluding many working people with no savings.
- People in **grief often make poor financial decisions** under stress pushing some into debt.
- A guaranteed cash grant provides **dignity, autonomy, and breathing space** at a critical time.

Policy Proposal: Dignity in Death Grant Grant Details

- £1,000 cash payment issued within 7 days of registering the death of:
- The grant is paid to the closest next of kin (as listed on the death certificate), limited to first-degree relatives: spouse, civil partner, parent, child, or sibling.
- One payment per bereavement event (not per relative)

Eligibility

- UK residents who are:
 - Listed on the death certificate as spouse, civil partner, parent, sibling or child
- No means testing, no prior application, no employment conditions

Delivery

- Automatically triggered during death registration process
- Paid via HMRC or DWP using existing identity and bank account records

Funding Mechanism

Source: Incremental Public Health Taxes

- Increase alcohol duty by 1% and tobacco duty by 2%
- These duties serve a dual purpose:
 - Generate revenue for social dignity
 - o Discourage consumption of high-cost public health goods

Estimated cost of programme:

• Assuming ~600,000 deaths annually, approx. **£400–450 million/year** (covering immediate family only)

• Well within scope of adjusted "sin tax" revenues, which already raise £12–15 billion/year

Benefits

For the Bereaved

- Immediate, no-strings financial relief during a painful transition
- Reduces risk of debt, isolation, or poor mental health outcomes
- Restores a sense of care and decency from the state

For Society

- Reduces the shame and hardship of poverty in grief
- Prevents cascading social costs (e.g., evictions, mental illness, lost work)
- Offers a universal signal of compassion from the public sector

For Government

- Low-administration cost due to automation
- Popular, visible policy with cross-party and cross-class appeal
- Links public health levies with human dignity goals